At Valence Primary School, our science curriculum intends to provide every child with the tools and scientific knowledge needed to enable them to think and act scientifically. We aim to nurture and grow their natural curiosities and foster a sense of wonder and excitement about natural phenomena, whilst developing their understanding of how science effects and changes the world we live in.

P.R.A.I.S.E Pride Respect Achievement Independence Success Enjoyment

Nursery	Reception	Year 1	Year 2	Year3	Year4	Year 5	Year 6
			Key Vo	cabulary			
animal	Stomach	season	habitat	pollination	vertebrate	reproduction	microorganism
material	chest	temperature	microhabitat	dispersal	invertebrate	anther	fungi
plastic	back	deciduous	food chain	stigma	species	fertilisation	circulatory
wood	wrist	evergreen	predator prey	style	digestion	gestation hormone	system
plant	shoulder	fruit	producer climate	stamen	oesophagus	nerves	oxygenated
seed	elbow	bulb trunk	minerals	pollen	colon	organ	artery
grow	ankle	amphibian	vitamin	nutrition	intestine	puberty	vein evolution
caterpillar	hip	reptile	germination	muscles	canines	soluble	inheritance
Lava	waist	fish	extinct	ligament	molars	insoluble	adaptation
egg	bone	mammal	life cycle	skull spine	incisors	solute	variation
butterfly	melting	bird	offspring	sternum	solid	solvent	artificial
float	freezing	carnivore	hygiene	pelvis	liquid	galaxy	selection
sink	sound	herbivore	exercise	tibia	gas	constellation	refraction
arm	hard	omnivore	disease suitability	fibula	molecule	solar	spectrum
leg	soft	waterproof	opaque	igneous	particle	system	atom
head	leaves	leaf	transparent	metamorphic	evaporation	planet	component
eye	stem	blossom	flexible	sedimentary	condensation	orbit	electron
nose	root	petal	absorbent	light source	precipitation	gravity	terminal
mouth	Flower	root	firm	opaque	vibration	element	series
hand	light	seed	force	transparent	sound	particle	parallel

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foot/feet	shadow	branch		friction	wave	resistance	circuit
	weather	stem		magnetic	pitch	mechanism	resistance
		rough		attract	amplitude	Newton	voltage current
		smooth		repel	circuit	acceleration	gestation
				fossil	cells	static	
				permeable	conductor	friction	
				impermeable	insulator	force	
				palaeontologist		evaporate	
						condensation	
						conduct	
						insulate	
			Key Qı	lestions			
Understanding the	Understanding the	Animals inc.	Living	Plants	Animals inc.	Materials and	Living
World	World	Humans	Things/Habitats	What are the	Humans	Properties	Things/Habitats
Can we name	What are the	How do humans	How do animals	functions of the	What is the	What are the	
animals?	different parts of	use their senses?	survive in different	different parts of	digestive system	reversible and	How do we classify
	my body?		habitats?	plants.	and what part do	irreversible	animals based on
What materials can		How can we			teeth play?	changes of solids,	specific
we see?	How are animals	identify different	Animals inc.	Rocks, Fossils and		liquids, and gases?	characteristics?
	different to each	animals?	Humans	Soils	Sound		
How do plants	other?		What essentials do	How can we	What are	How to properties	Animals inc.
grow?		Plants	animals and	compare and	vibrations, pitch	of conductivity and	Humans
	How can we make		humans need to	group different	and volume?	insulation affect	What is the
What does a	ice change into	How can we	survive?	rocks and soils?		our choices e.g., in	circulatory system?
caterpillar turn	water?	identify different			Electricity	clothing, in the	
into?		plants?	Why is exercise	Animals inc.	What do you need	building trade?	How are water and
	What sounds can		and diet	Humans	to create a series		nutrients
What floats and	we hear?	Everyday	important?	Why do animals	circuit?		transported
what sinks?		Materials		and humans have		Earth and	around the body?
	How can we	How can we group	Plants	skeletons and	Living	Space/Forces	
How do I keep my	describe different	materials?	How do plants	muscles?	Things/Habitats	How do the bodies	Electricity
teeth clean?	materials?		grow and survive?		How do food	of the solar system	How do we create
				Light	chains work?		and compare

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	What do we notice	How do we decide	Materials	Where does light		move and what	circuits with a
	about different	the best materials	Which materials	come from? How	How can you	effect is created?	variety of
	plants?	for a project e.g.,	are best to use for	are shadows	classify animals?		components?
		building a home?	keeping dry, for a	formed?		Living	
	How can we create		house, for clothes		States of Matter	Things/Habitats	
	shadows?	Seasons	(and so on)?	Forces and	What are the	How do life cycles	Light
		Why do leaves fall		Magnets	changes in state	of different animal	How does light
		from trees?		What is a magnet?	for solids, liquids,	groups compare?	travel and reflect?
				Which materials	and gases?		How does my eye
		How do plants		are magnetic?		Forces	work?
		know when to				What are the	
		grow?				effects of	Evolution and
						resistance and	Inheritance
						friction?	How have living
							things changed
							over many years.
			•	Animals Including Hum			
Name basic body	Name body parts	Identify and name	Notice that	Identify that	Describe the	Can describe the	Identify and name
parts and facial	including joints and	a variety of	animals, including	animals, including	simple functions of	changes as humans	the main parts of
features.	facial features.	common animals	humans, have	humans, need the	the basic parts of	develop to old age.	the human
		including fish,	offspring which	right types and	the digestive		circulatory system,
Name a range of	Name and sort	amphibians,	grow into adults.	amount of	system in humans.	Living things and	and describe the
familiar animals.	animals based on	reptiles, birds, and		nutrition, and that		their habitats.	functions of the
	observable	mammals.	Find out about and	they cannot make	Identify the		heart, blood
Know how to care	features.		describe the basic	their own food;	different types of	I can describe the	vessels and blood.
for teeth.		Identify and name	needs of animals,	they get nutrition	teeth in humans	differences in the	
	Know the basics of	a variety of	including humans,	from what they	and their simple	life cycles of a	Recognise the
Understand the	keeping healthy	common animals	for survival (water,	eat.	functions.	mammal, an	impact of diet,
key features of the	i.e., food, exercise,	that are carnivores,	food, and air).			amphibian, an	exercise, drugs and
life cycle of a plant	and brushing	herbivores, and		Identify that	Construct and	insect, and a bird I	lifestyle on the way
and an animal.	teeth.	omnivores.	Describe the	humans and some	interpret a variety	can describe the	their bodies
			importance for	other animals have	of food chains,	life process of	function.
			humans of	skeletons and	identifying	reproduction in	

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	Explore the natural	Describe and	exercise, eating the	muscles for	producers,	some plants and	Describe the ways
	world around	compare the	right amounts of	support,	predators, and	animals.	in which nutrients
	them.	structure of a	different types of	protection, and	prey.		and water are
	Describe what they	variety of common	food, and hygiene.	movement.			transported within
	can see, hear and	animals (fish,					animals, including
	feel whilst outside	amphibians,					humans.
	and whilst	reptiles, birds and					
	exploring.	mammals inc pets);					Evolution &
							Inheritance
	Describe changes	Identify, name,					
	to own body e.g.,	draw and label the					Recognise that
	from resting to	basic parts of the					living things have
	exercising.	human body and					changed over time
		say which part is					and that fossils
		associated with					provide
		each sense.					information about
							living things that
							inhabited the Earth
							millions of years
							ago.
							Recognise that
							living things
							produce offspring
							of the same kind,
							but normally
							offspring vary and
							are not identical to
							their parents.
							Identify how
							animals and plants
							are adapted to suit
							their environment
							their environment

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							in different ways
							and that
							adaptation may
							lead to evolution.
		Progression by The	me - Seasons, Living T	hings and Their Habit	ats including Plants		
Plants seeds and	Understands the	Identify and name	Observe and	Identify and	Recognise that		Describe how living
cares for growing	effect of changing	a variety of	describe how	describe the	living things can be		things are
plants.	seasons on the	common wild and	seeds and bulbs	functions of	grouped in a		classified into
	natural world	garden plants,	grow into mature	different parts of	variety of ways.		broad groups
Begins to	around them.	including	plants.	flowering plants:			according to
understand the		deciduous and		roots, stem/trunk,	Explore and use		common
need to respect	Notice that some	evergreen trees.	Find out and	leaves and flowers.	classification keys		observable
and care for the	environments are		describe how		to help group,		characteristics and
natural	different to the	Identify and	plants need water,	Explore the	identify and name		based on
environment and	one in which we	describe the basic	light, and a suitable	requirements of	a variety of living		similarities and
all living things.	live.	structure of a	temperature to	plants for life and	things in their local		differences,
		variety of common	grow and stay	growth (air, light,	and wider		including micro -
Notices change in	Explore the natural	flowering plants,	healthy.	water, nutrients	environment.		organisms, plants,
the	world by making	including trees.		from soil, and			and animals.
season/weather.	observations and		Explore and	room to grow) and	Recognise that		
	drawing pictures of	Observe changes	compare the	how they vary	environments can		Give reasons for
	animals and plants.	across the 4	differences	from plant to	change and that		classifying plants
		seasons.	between things	plant.	this can sometimes		and animals based
	Knows some		that are living,		pose dangers to		on specific
	similarities and	Observe and	dead, and things	Investigate the way	living things.		characteristics.
	differences	describe weather	that have never	in which water is			
	between the	associated with the	been alive.	transported within			
	natural world and	seasons and how		plants.			
	contrasting	day length varies	Identify that most	Explore the part			
	environments,		living things live in	that flowers play in			
	drawing on own		habitats to which	the life cycle of			
	experiences and		they are suited and	flowering plants,			
			describe how	including			

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	what has been		different habitats	pollination, seed			
	read in class.		provide for the	formation and			
			basic needs of	seed dispersal.			
	Understand some		different kinds of				
	important		animals and plants,				
	processes and		and how they				
	changes in the		depend on each				
	natural world,		other.				
	including the						
	seasons.		Identify and name				
			a variety of plants				
			and animals in				
			their habitats,				
			including				
			microhabitats.				
			Describe how				
			animals obtain				
			their food from				
			plants and other				
			animals, using the				
			idea of a simple				
			food chain, and				
			identify and name				
			different sources				
			of food.				
			Physical	Science			
Explore how things	Describe			Magnets and Force	Electricity	Forces	Electricity
work.	movements and			Compare how	Identify common	Explain that	Associate the
	actions.			things move on	appliances that run	unsupported	brightness of a
Explore and talk				different surfaces.	on electricity.	objects fall	lamp or the
about different	Notice changes of					towards the Earth	volume of a buzzer

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forces they can feel	direction.			Notice that some	Construct a simple	because of the	with the number
i.e., a push or a				forces need	series electrical	force of gravity	and voltage of cells
pull.	Notice links			contact between 2	circuit, identifying	acting between the	used in the circuit.
	between action			objects, but	and naming its	Earth and the	
Listens with	and effect –			magnetic forces	basic parts,	falling object.	Compare and give
increased attention	light/sound when a			can act at a	including cells,		reasons for
to sounds.	button is pressed.			distance.	wires, bulbs,	Identify the effects	variations in how
					switches, and	of air resistance,	components
	Explore magnetic			Observe how	buzzers.	water resistance	function, including
	toys.			magnets attract or		and friction, that	the brightness of
				repel each other	Identify whether or	act between	bulbs, the loudness
	Know the simple			and attract some	not a lamp will	moving surfaces.	of buzzers and the
	sequence of a day			materials and not	light in a simple		on/off position of
	in terms of what			others.	series circuit,	Recognise that	switches.
	we do in the light				based on whether	some mechanisms	
	and in the dark.			Compare and	or not the lamp is	including levers,	Use recognised
				group together a	part of a complete	pulleys and gears	symbols when
				variety of everyday	loop with a	allow a smaller	representing a
				materials based on	battery.	force to have a	simple circuit in a
				whether they are		greater effect.	diagram.
				attracted to a	Recognise that a		
				magnet and	switch opens and	Earth & Space	Light
				identify some	closes a circuit and	Describe the	Recognise that
				magnetic	associate this with	movement of the	light appears to
				materials.	whether a lamp	Earth and other	travel in straight
					lights.	planets relative to	lines.
				Describe magnets		the sun in the solar	
				as having 2 poles.	Associate the	system.	Use the idea that
					brightness of a		light travels in
				Predict whether 2	lamp or the	Describe the	straight lines to
				magnets will	volume of a buzzer	movement of the	explain that
				attract or repel	with the number	moon relative to	objects are seen
				each other,	and voltage of cells	the Earth.	because they give
				depending on	used in the circuit.		

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				which poles are		Describe the sun,	out or reflect light
				facing.	Compare and give	Earth and moon as	into the eye.
					reasons for	approximately	
				Light	variations in how	spherical bodies.	Explain that we see
					components		things because
				Recognise that we	function, including	Use the idea of the	light travels from
				need light to see	the brightness of	Earth's rotation to	light sources to our
				things and that	bulbs, the loudness	explain day and	eyes or from light
				dark is the absence	of buzzers and the	night and the	sources to objects
				of light.	on/off position of	apparent	and then to our
					switches.	movement of the	eyes.
				Notice that light is		sun across the sky.	
				reflected from	Use recognised		Use the idea that
				surfaces.	symbols when		light travels in
					representing a		straight lines to
				Recognise that	simple circuit in a		explain why
				light from the sun	diagram.		shadows have the
				can be dangerous			same shape as the
				and that there are	Recognise some		objects that cast
				ways to protect	common		them.
				their eyes.	conductors and		
					insulators, and		
				Recognise that	associate metals		
				shadows are	with being good		
				formed when the	conductors.		
				light from a light			
				source is blocked	Sound		
				by an opaque	Identify how		
				object.	sounds are made,		
					associating some		
				Find patterns in	of them with		
				the way that the	something		
				size of shadows	vibrating.		
				change.			

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					Recognise that		
					vibrations from		
					sounds travel		
					through a medium		
					to the ear.		
					Find patterns		
					between the pitch		
					of a sound and		
					features of the		
					object that		
					produced it.		
					Find patterns		
					between the		
					volume of a sound		
					and the strength of		
					the vibrations that		
					produced it.		
					Recognise that		
					sounds get fainter		
					as the distance		
					from the sound		
					source increases.		
			Progression by T	heme - Materials			
Uses all 5 senses in	Name and describe	Everyday	Uses of Everyday	Rocks	States of Matter	Properties and	
hands-on	simple materials in	Materials	Materials	Compare and	Compare and	Changes of	
exploration of	terms of how they	Distinguish	Identify and	group together	group materials	Materials	
natural materials.	feel.	between an object	compare the	different kinds of	together,	Compare and	
		and the material	suitability of a	rocks based on	according to	group together	
Explores	Understand some	from which it is	variety of everyday	their appearance	whether they are	everyday materials	
collections of	important	made.	materials,			based on their	

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materials with	processes and		including wood,	and simple physical	solids, liquids, or	properties,	
similar and/or	changes in the	Identify and name	metal, plastic,	properties.	gases.	including their	
different	natural world,	a variety of	glass, brick, rock,			hardness,	
properties.	including the	everyday	paper, and	Describe in simple	Observe that some	solubility,	
	changing states of	materials,	cardboard for uses.	terms how fossils	materials change	transparency,	
Talks about the	matter.	including wood,		are formed when	state when they	conductivity	
differences		plastic, glass,	Find out how the	things that have	are heated or	(electrical and	
between materials		metal, water, and	shapes of solid	lived are trapped	cooled, and	thermal), and	
and changes they		rock.	objects made from	within rock.	measure or	response to	
notice.			some materials can		research the	magnets.	
		Describe the	be changed by	Recognise that	temperature at		
Explores different		simple physical	squashing,	soils are made	which this happens	Know that some	
materials freely, to		properties of a	bending, twisting,	from rock.	in degrees Celsius	materials will	
develop ideas		variety of everyday	and stretching.		(°C)	dissolve in liquid to	
about how to use		materials.		Magnets		form a solution	
them and what to				Identify some	Identify the part	and describe how	
make.		Compare and		magnetic	played by	to recover a	
		group together a		materials.	evaporation and	substance from a	
		variety of everyday			condensation in	solution.	
		materials based on			the water cycle		
		their simple			and associate the	Use knowledge of	
		physical			rate of evaporation	solids, liquids, and	
		properties.			with temperature.	gases to decide	
						how mixtures	
						might be	
						separated,	
						including through	
						filtering, sieving	
						and evaporating.	
						Give reasons,	
						based on evidence	
						from comparative	
						and fair tests, for	

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						the uses of	
						everyday	
						materials,	
						including metals,	
						wood and plastic.	
						Demonstrate that	
						dissolving, mixing	
						and changes of	
						state are reversible	
						changes.	
						Evalaia that causa	
						Explain that some	
						changes result in	
						the formation of	
						new materials, and	
						that this kind of	
						change is not	
						usually reversible,	
						including changes	
						associated with	
						burning and the	
						action of acid on	
						bicarbonate of	
						soda	